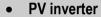
Solar inverter AX-series Verters

1 - 5kVA Multifunctional inverter

NEU/NEW



- PV / Battery Charger with 3-stage charge
- Battery-backed power supply
- Sine wave inverter with charging function
- 3 phase operation possible
- Parallel operation possible



The AX Series is a multi-function inverter / PV charger with the combined functions of an inverter and MPPT solar and battery charging device.

These inverters are suitable for off-grid stand-alone operation with PV modules, but can also be operated with power from batteries, generators or the public power grid.

With insufficient power from the PV modules, the device automatically adds on battery power or when the batteries are empty it switches over to the power grid. Three AX-inverter in combination can be configured for three-phase operation.

For higher power requirements up to 4 units (4 or 5kVA models) with a maximum output of 16kW (20kVA) can be optionally connected in parallel.



EFFEKTA offers the AX-series in three model series:

AX-M Series

- MPPT* Solar Controller
- 800, 1600, 2400, 3200, 4000W rated power
- 24 / 48VDC

AX-P Series

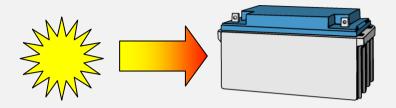
- MPPT* Solar Controller
- With increased PV power (see specifications)
- 1600, 2400W rated power
- 24 / 48VDC

AX-K Series

- PWM* Solar Controller
- 800, 1600, 2400, 3200, 4000W rated power
- 12, 24, 48VDC

^{*}Basic information about MPPT & PWM technology on the next page

Optimized for PV energy storage (improved self-consumption)



During the day any unused surplus electricity is used to charge the batteries and will not be lost. At night or in bad weather consumers are supplied from the batteries. In this way, a smaller amount of electricity must be purchased.

Features AX-series

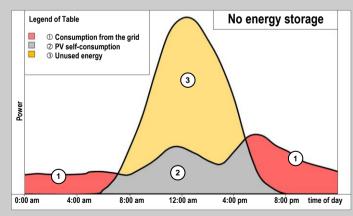
- Multiple power sources: solar power, AC power supply, 24 or 48VDC battery
- Parallel operation of several inverters possible
- 3-phase operation possible
- Pure sine wave output
- Built-in MPPT solar charge controller
- Configurable via LCD display or PC software
- Auto restart when mains power returns
- Overload / over temperature / short circuit protection
- Optimized charge process for perfect battery performance ("Smart Charger Design")
- Island operation possible
- 12 months warranty

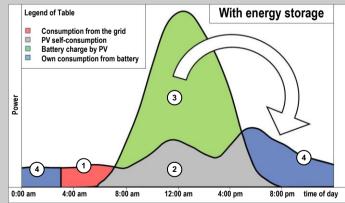
MPPT suitability / benefits

- Ideal for the optimal operating point to choose on the current-voltage curve.
- Superior in temperate regions (Ø 25° C).
- To prefer for services exceeding 500W
- Preferable with load fluctuations
- Suitable for higher yields

PWM suitability / benefits

- Suitable for constant power / charge conditions
- Suitable for uniform, hot climate conditions
- Suitable for smaller PV systems
- More cost-effective variant





Optimized own use of solar power

Left: Typical hourly energy production and consumption in a household with photovoltaic system *without energy storage*: At night the photovoltaic system produces no electricity, so the required energy is obtained from the public grid ①. During the day excess energy gets *lost* ③, because the complete amount of electricity produced cannot be consumed ②.

Right: Typical Day course for a household with PV system *and energy storage*: During the day the battery is charged with the excess energy ③. At night, a large part of the necessary energy is obtained from the energy storage device ④. The PV energy yield (② + ④) is now much higher because the purchased energy from the grid is much lower ①. Depending on the configuration of the batteries, the energy loss can decrease to negligible values.





Specifications (M & P-series)

Model AX-:		AX-M: 1kVA 24V 1kVA 48V	AX-M: 2kVA 24V	AX-M: 3kVA 24V 3kVA 48V	AX-P: 2kVA 24V 3kVA 24V 2kVA 48V 3kVA 48V	AX-M: 4kVA 48V	AX-M: 5kVA 48V
General data							
Operating temper	erature	0°C - 50°C					
Storage temperature		-15°C - 60°C					
Humidity		< 95% (non-condensing)					
Size (HxWxD) [mm]		355 x 272 x 128			479 x 295 x 140 540 x 295 x 140		
Weight [Kg]		7.4	7.6	8.0	11.5	12.5	13.5
Protection		IP20					
Safety		EN 60950-1					
Regulations / EMC		EN 55022 class A, EN 55024					
Certifications		CE					
Battery bank alarm contact-load capacity (DRYCONTACT)		2A / 250VAC					

Model AX-:	M 1kVA 24V M 2kVA 24V M 3kVA 24V M 1kVA 48V M 3kVA 48V	P 2kVA 24V P 3kVA 24V P 2kVA 48V P 3kVA 48V	M 4kVA 48V M 5kVA 48V		
AC-input					
AC-input waveform		Sine wave (Mains and generator)			
AC-input voltage	(120VAC) 230VAC				
	90-280VAC configuration "general home applications"				
AC imput valtage repre	(65-140VAC)				
AC-input voltage range	170-280VAC configuration "Computer applications" (UPS)				
	(95-140VAC)				
Max. AC-input voltage	(150VAC) 300VAC				
AC-input frequency	50 / 60Hz (automatic)				
AC-input frequency range	40-65Hz				
Efficiency normal mode	> 95 % (at rated load and battery bank fully loaded)				
Tues of our time o	typical 20ms configuration "general home applications"				
Transfer time	typical 10ms configuration "Computer applications" (UPS)				

Model AX-:	M 1kVA 24V M 2kVA 24V M 3kVA 24V P 2kVA 24V P 3kVA 24V	M 1kVA 48V M 3kVA 48V P 2kVA 48V P 3kVA 48V	M 4kVA 48V M 5kVA 48V		
Output					
Output voltage		$(110/120VAC \pm 5\%)$ 230VAC $\pm 5\%$ 4.5 kVA – models only 230VAC			
Output frequency		50Hz or 60Hz, adjustable			
Effective power	1kVA / 0.8kW		4kVA / 3.2kW 5kVA / 4.0kW		
Max. Efficiency (Inverter)		90%			
Overload protection (behavior)	5:	s @ >150% load, 10s @ 110-150% loa	ad		
Max. load		2x nominal load for 5s			
Short circuit protection Output	Circuit breaker in the main power supply Electronic fuse in the inverter operation				
Internal consumption					
Sleep operation (STANDBY):	2W				
Energy saving mode	<10W		<15W		
Normal mode (no load):	<2	<50W			
Battery Bank & charger					
Nominal voltage	24VDC 48VDC				
Cold start voltage	23VDC 46VDC				
Voltage accuracy	±0.3%				
Charging algorithm	3 stage (I U o U)				

Model AX-:	M 1kVA 24V M 2kVA 24V M 3kVA 24V	M 1kVA 48V M 3kVA 48V	P 2kVA 24V P 3kVA 24V	P 2kVA 48V P 3kVA 48V M 4kVA 48V M 5kVA 48V	
PV-charger					
Charging power	600W	900W	1500W	3000W	
Efficiency	98%				
Nominal System voltage U _N	24VDC	48 VDC	24 VDC	48 VDC	
Effective operating range MPPT UOP	30-66VDC	60-88VDC	30-115VDC 60-115VDC		
Max. input voltage Uocv	75VDC 102VDC 145VDC			VDC	
Min. battery bank voltage for PV- mode	17VDC	34VDC	17VDC 34VDC		
PV- input accuracy	±2V				

Model AX-:	M 1kVA 24V	M 2kVA 24V M 3kVA 24V P 2kVA 24V P 3kVA 24V	M 1kVA 48V M 3kVA 48V P 2kVA 48V P 3kVA 48V	M 4kVA 48V M 5kVA 48V
Mains charging unit				
Charging current 230VAC	10/20A	20/30A	10/15A	2/10/20/30/40/50/60A
Charging current 120VAC		10/20A	5/10A	

Specifications (K-series PWM)

Model AX-:		K 1000-12	K 2000-24	K 3000-24	K 4000-48	K 5000-48	
Nominal power		1000VA / 800W	2000VA/1600W	3000VA / 2400W	4000VA / 3200W	5000VA / 4000W	
AC input							
AC input voltage							
AC input voltage ra	anne	90-280VAC configuration "general home applications"					
	•	170-280VAC configuration "Computer applications" (UPS)					
AC input frequency	y		5	0Hz or 60Hz, adjustabl	e		
	Output						
Output voltage				230VAC ±5%			
Max. power		2000VA	4000VA	6000VA	8000VA	10000VA	
Max. efficiency				90%			
Output frequency				0Hz or 60Hz, adjustabl			
Transfer time				uration "general home			
Transier unie			10 ms configu	ration "Computer applic	cations" (UPS)		
Wave form				Sine wave			
Battery							
Battery voltage		12VDC	24VDC		48VDC		
Battery float voltage		13.5VDC	27VDC		54VDC		
Overload protection		15VDC	30VDC		60\	/DC	
Max. charging current		10A or 20A	20A or 30A		2/10/20/30	/40/50/60A	
Solar charger (opti	onal)						
Charging current				50A			
Maximum PV array	open circuit	30VDC	60VDC		105	VDC	
voltage							
Standby power consumption		1W	2W		2W		
General data							
Size (HxWxD) [mm]		316 x 240 x 95	355 x 272 x 100		468 x 295 x 120		
Weight (in kg)		5.0	6.4	6.9	9.8	9.8	
Humidity 5% bis 95% (non-condensing)							
Operating temperature 0°C-55°C							
Storage temperatu	re	-15°C-60°C					
Protection IP20							
Regulations /	Safety	EN 60950-1					
standards	EMC	EN 55022 Klasse A, EN 55024					
Stallualus	Certifications	CE					

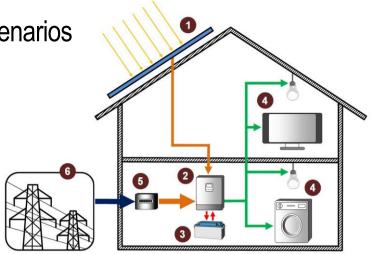
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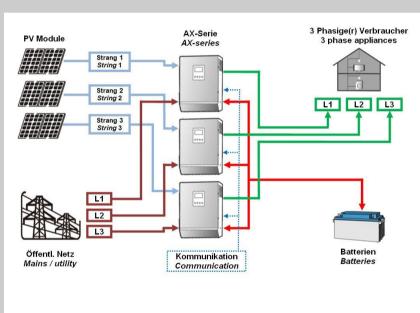
Basic principle and application scenarios

Scheme on the right: basic principle

- PV plant
- 2 AX inverter
- 3 Energy storage (battery)
- Consumer
- 5 Electric meter
- 6 Public power grid



Following are four application scenarios of the AX-inverter. These represent only sample configurations and can be programmed individually according to the requirements and priorities of the custome.



Note: 4 or 5 kVA models & suitable communication cards are required for 3 ph. operating

PV Module AX-serie AX-series A

Communication

Note: 4 or 5 kVA models & suitable communication cards are required for parallel operation

3-phase operation (4 & 5kVA models only)

A single AX inverter is required for each phase. Only one battery system is used and shared by all three inverters.

The inverters communicate with each other and generate a three phase current network.

With this configuration, an entire house can be supplied with three phase power easily through PV and energy storage.

At too low PV power, the energy required is first taken from the battery. If this is empty, the missing electricity is provided from the AC source.

Parallel operation (4 & 5 kVA models only)

In the example on the left a maximum of four 5kVA inverters are connected in parallel and provide a total output of 20kVA.

Each inverter must be connected to a seperate PV array. The AC source is shared.

The energy storage device (battery) is charged by all the inverters.

At too low PV power, the energy required is first taken from the battery. If this is empty, the lack of electricity is provided from the AC source.

Basic principle and application scenarios

The operating principle of the AX-inverter includes the supply with batteries in case of failure of other energy sources.

Operation is possible with AGM, gel, NiCd, closed lead-acid battery (OpzS, OpzV ...). The batteries are charged via the integrated charger with 3-stage charge.

EFFEKTA® recommends Rolls $^{\text{TM}}$ brand batteries of the type 4000 - T12 250 and 5000-12 CS 11P for the system. More details are available on request.



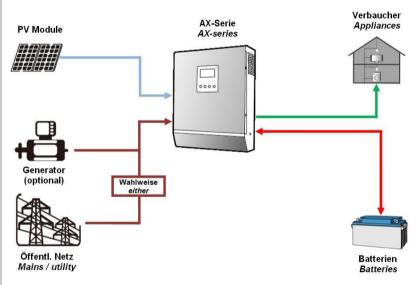
Rolls 4000 Series / Type T12 250

Vented lead-acid battery 12V (6 cells), 200Ah (C20) 391 x 178 x 365mm D x W x H 55kg max.

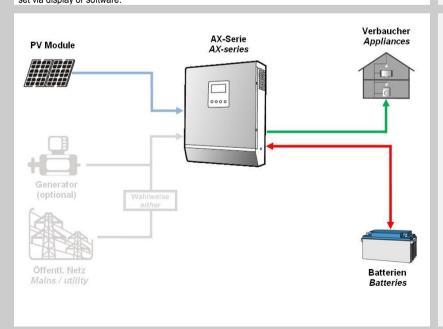


Rolls 5000 Series / Type 12Cs 11P

Vented lead-acid battery 12V (6 cells), 357Ah (C20) 559 x 286 x 464mm D x W x H 123kg max.



According to the needs and depending on the hardware configuration different supply priorities can be set via display or software.



Solar powered with battery backup

PV modules and AC source (mains or generator) are required.

Consumers primarily are powered from the PV modules.

When there is no or insufficient PV power initially, batteries provide the energy needed. When the batteries are empty the AC source jumps in.

Surplus energy of the PV modules is used to charge the batteries.

Upon failure of PV and AC power supply is powered on on batteries.

Stand-alone ("Island-") operation with battery backup

The load is supplied by the inverter, which draws the energy from the PV modules. There are no AC sources.

With sufficient PV power, the batteries are charged by PV. The charge is made exclusively with PV.

Upon failure of the PV supply (eg. night mode), consumers can be supplied via the batteries.

Missing PV power of inverter (low solar radiation) can be supplemented through the batteries.